AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (*currently amended*) An adjustable pinhole for a laser scanning microscope, the adjustable pinhole comprising:

first and second silicon apertures movable relative to each other, each of said silicon apertures having a rectangular mirror-inverted opening having flanks etched at an acute angle, the rectangular openings being arranged with the flanks thereof mirror-inverted relative to a mirror plane between the first and second apertures, and the relative movement of the apertures defining a pinhole of varying size.

- 2. (*currently amended*) The adjustable pinhole according to claim 1, whereby wherein the first and second silicon apertures are displaceable with respect to one another in a first direction.
- 3. (*currently amended*) The adjustable pinhole according to claim 2, whereby wherein at least one of said silicon apertures is displaceable in a second direction perpendicular to the first direction for adjustment to obtain an exact square form for the configuration of the pinhole.
- 4. (currently amended) The adjustable pinhole according to claim 3, whereby the apertures are fastened on further comprising flexible solid joints, which are arranged in a rigid manner in the first direction and are flexible in the second direction, wherein the apertures are fastened on the flexible solid joints.

5. (currently amended) A method for adjustment of a pinhole in a laser scanning microscope having a photo-receiver, the method comprising the steps of:

forming a square-shaped pinhole from comprising first and second silicon apertures, each one with a rectangular mirror-inverted opening having a rectangular opening having flanks etched at an acute angle, the openings being arranged with the flanks thereof mirror-inverted relative to a mirror plane between the first and second apertures;

passing light through the pinhole to the photo-receiver;

acquiring a signal of the photo-receiver; and

moving the apertures to maximize the light received by the photo-receiver at least one aperture in dependence of the signal until the signal is maximal.